

STOICHIOMETRY involving reactions: Weight vs. Number (The Art of Counting Without Counting)

1. Start with balanced equation.
2. Mass to Moles (consult Periodic Table). Add up atomic weights to find mass of one mole
3. Use Balanced Equation to adjust moles.
4. Moles back to Mass (consult Periodic Table). Add up atomic weights to find mass of one mole.

We need 10 kg (22 lbs) of hydrogen peroxide. What mass of water and oxygen is needed?

Count in Moles				
	H_2O	+	O_2	\rightarrow H_2O_2
Mass in grams				10,000g

Start H_2O_2		End H_2O_2	
10,000 g	1 mole	=	moles
	_____ g		

Count by turning mass given into moles

Start H_2O_2		End H_2O	
mol	___ moles H_2O	=	moles
	___ moles H_2O_2		

Count others by using the mole count of given

Start H_2O		End H_2O	
mol		=	grams
	1 mole		

Convert those moles into grams

Start H_2O_2		End O_2	
mol	___ moles O_2	=	moles
	___ moles H_2O_2		

Count others by using the mole count of given

Start O_2		End O_2	
mol		=	grams
	1 mole		

Convert those moles into grams

100g of potassium perchlorate will decompose. How many grams of oxygen are produced?

Count in Moles		Not asked	
	KClO_3	\rightarrow	$\text{KCl} + \text{O}_2$
Mass in grams	100g	Not asked	

Start KClO_3		End KClO_3	
100 g		=	moles

Start KClO_3		End O_2	
mol	___ moles O_2	=	moles
	___ moles KClO_3		

Start O_2		End O_2	
mol		=	grams

